

Mitigating Non-linear DAC Glitches Using Dither in Closed-loop Nano-positioning Applications

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Background:

Noise and distortion in **digital-to-analog converters (DACs)** result in **reduced performance** for high precision mechatronics, such as **nano-positioning stages**. Such systems experience lightly damped response at **resonance frequencies** related to vibrational modes of stage the geometry. **Glitches** are dynamic disturbances of impulse like behavior seen in commercial DACs. They are not easily removed by conventional control laws.

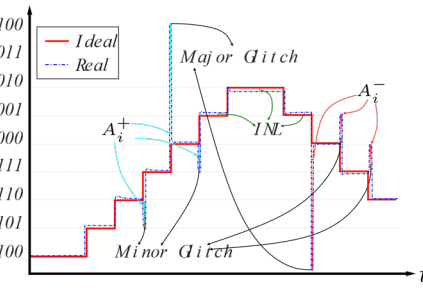
Contribution:

This paper **extends** the application of high-frequency large-amplitude **dithering** to mitigate a glitch non-linearity in a standard **closed-loop nano-positioning system**. It utilizes a **DAC model** that includes all significant, observed non-linearities, with **parameters fitted to the measured response of an off-the-shelf commercial device**. The simulations demonstrate significant mitigation of the glitch.

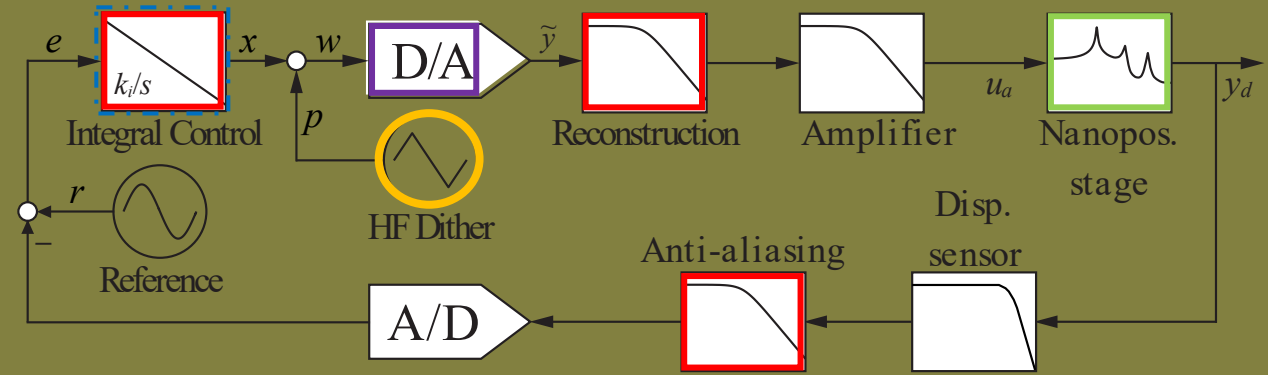
Method:

Dither is a high-frequency periodic or stochastic signal introduced into a system to modify its non-linear characteristics. The proposed approach **incorporates** the standard **lowpass filtering** components at the D/A and A/D interfaces in **control law synthesis**. A sufficiently large dither amplitude is shown to achieve considerable glitch mitigation.

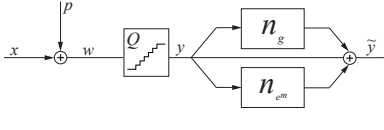
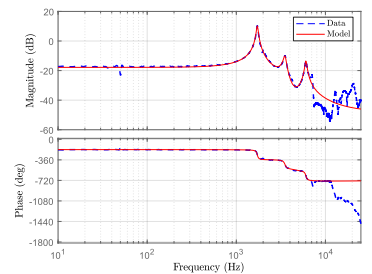
But What is a Glitch?



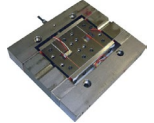
DAC glitches can be mitigated using **Dither**.



Modeling non-linearities in a commercial DAC

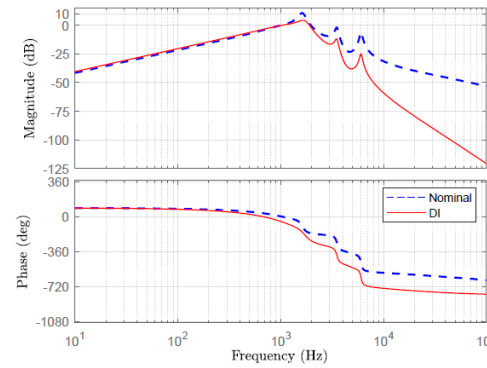


Fitting the response of a nano-positioning stage

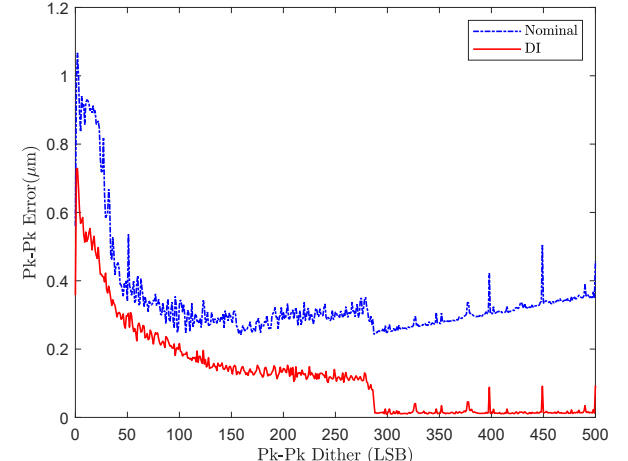


Control synthesis for optimal reference tracking

Nominal Design (Nyquist Criterion)
vs
Damping Integral Incorporated Design



Glitch mitigation



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